

SAFETY DATA SHEET Prefere 4535

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Prefere 4535

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/: Industrial/Professional Use: Adhesive. Woodworking industry.

mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Dynea AS

P.O.Box 160, N-2001 Lillestrøm

Norway

Tel. +47 63897100 Fax. +47 63897610

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: sds@dynea.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Not available.

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number : +47 63897100

Hours of operation : 24 hours

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

kin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 1/17

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word

Hazard statements : ▶317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Danger

H350 - May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

₱308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

▶405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients
Supplemental label

elements

articles

: formaldehyde: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
b vutane-1,4-diol	REACH #: 01-2119471849-20 EC: 203-786-5 CAS: 110-63-4	≥1 - <3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]
methanol	REACH #: 01-2119433307-44 EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	≥1 - <3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370 (central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve)	[1] [2]
ε-caprolactam	REACH #: 01-2119457029-36 EC: 203-313-2 CAS: 105-60-2 Index: 613-069-00-2	≥1 - <2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
formaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5	≥0.3 - <0.5	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 2/17

Prefere 4535	
SECTION 3: Composition/information	on on ingredients
	Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case

of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention if irritation occurs.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person

is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health

effects persist or are severe.

General : Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Allow the victim to rest in a well-ventilated area.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: Vapour may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition

products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following

exposure.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 3/17

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders etc.) or use a spill kit.

Large spill

: Approach the release from upwind. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version 4/17

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 - See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 - See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. Industrial sector specific

solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
methanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 266 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
ε-caprolactam	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Dust and vapour TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dust and vapour STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: inhalable dust TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
formaldehyde	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

procedures

Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
butane-1,4-diol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	136 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	658 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	19 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	340 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	8 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
methanol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	50 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	8 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	50 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	50 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	8 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
		Long term Inhalation	50 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
ε-caprolactam	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local
Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.20	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.55 mg/ : 21.05.201	Consumers	Systemic

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version: 6 6/17

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

			kg bw/day		
formaldehyde	DNEL	Short term	0.6 ppm	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	240 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.037 mg/	Workers	Local
			cm ²		
	DNEL	Long term	0.3 ppm	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	3.2 mg/cm ²	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.1 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.012 mg/	Consumers	Local
			cm ²		
	DNEL	Long term	0.1 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local
		Inhalation			

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
butane-1,4-diol	-	Fresh water	0.813 mg/l	-
	_	Marine water	0.0813 mg/l	-
	_	Fresh water sediment	3.61 mg/kg	_
	-	Marine water sediment	0.361 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment	1554 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	-	Soil	0.244 mg/kg	-
methanol	PNEC	Fresh water	154 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Marine	15.4 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Intermittent release	1540 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Sediment	570.4 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Soil	23.5 mg/kg wwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	Assessment Factors
		Plant		
ε-caprolactam	PNEC	Fresh water	2 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.2 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	1737 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	18.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.55 mg/kg dwt	-
formaldehyde	PNEC	Fresh water	0.47 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Marine	0.47 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	2.44 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	2.44 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Soil	0.21 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.19 mg/l	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 7/17

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Immediately remove any contaminated clothing, shoes or socks. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close

to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes.

Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.

Hand protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. It should be noted that the time to

breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove

manufacturers.

Recommended: Protective Index 6 / Breakthrough time >480 minutes: neoprene

rubber 0.7 mm thickness or nitrile rubber 0.4 mm thickness

Other skin protection : ₩ear work clothing with long sleeves. Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or

coveralls are normally suitable.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Long Term Exposure / high concentrations : Self-contained respirator (DIN EN

133) or full face mask (DIN EN 136)

Short term exposure / Low exposure : Half-face mask (DIN EN 140) Recommended: Type AX (Brown): Low boiling organic compounds.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Greyish-white.

Odour : Formaldehyde. [Slight]

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : 8.5 to 10

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Burning time : Not applicable.
Burning rate : Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available.

Vapour pressure : Not available.

Vapour density : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Density (liquid) : 1.26 g/cm³ [25°C]

Solubility : Partly dispersible in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : <0

water

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 8/17

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 3000 to 6000 mPa·s [25 °C]

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2 Other information

VOC content (Without volume : 5.5 % (w/w) exclusion) : 58.8 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Formaldehyde may be released during processing.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Potential Adverse effects

Inhalation: Vapour may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition

products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following

exposure.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butane-1,4-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1500 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male,	128.2 mg/l	4 hours
		Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17100 mg/kg	-
ε-caprolactam	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8.16 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>2000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1475 mg/kg	-
formaldehyde	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	<463 mg/l	4 hours
·	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	460 mg/kg	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 9/17

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

butane-1,4-diol: Harmful if swallowed.

methanol: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

ε-caprolactam: Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.

Formaldehyde: Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product	ATE value
Ø ral	3582.5 mg/kg
Dermal	12000 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	154333.3 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	115.8 mg/l

Product Conclusion/

Summary

: May be harmful if swallowed.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
formaldehyde	Skin - Irritant	Rat	-	-	7 days
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	3	-	24 hours
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rat	4	-	7 days

Skin : butane-1,4-diol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ε-caprolactam: Irritating to skin. **Formaldehyde**: Causes burns.

Eyes: **butane-1,4-diol**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

methanol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ε-caprolactam: Irritating to eyes.

Formaldehyde: Causes serious eye damage.Formaldehyde: Irritating to respiratory system.

Product Conclusion/

Summary

Respiratory

: Causes mild skin irritation.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
methanol	Respiratory skin		Not sensitizing Not sensitizing
formaldehyde	skin skin		Sensitising Sensitising

Skin : butane-1,4-diol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

methanol: Not sensitizing Formaldehyde: Sensitising

Respiratory: **butane-1,4-diol**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

methanol: Not sensitizingFormaldehyde: Not sensitizingMay cause an allergic skin reaction.

Product Conclusion/

Summary

Chronic toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 10/17

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
vutane-1,4-diol	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	225 mg/kg	90 days
methanol	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	466 to 529 mg/ kg Repeated dose	104 weeks
	Chronic NOEC Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male, Female	0.13 mg/l	12 months
	Chronic NOAEC Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male, Female	1.3 mg/l Continuous	108 days
	Chronic NOAEC Inhalation Vapour	Rat	1.33 mg/l Continuous	17 days; 22.7 hours per day
ε-caprolactam	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male	29 mg/kg	13 weeks; 7 days per week
	Sub-chronic NOAEC Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male, Female	0.245 mg/l Systemic	13 weeks; 6 hours per day
formaldehyde	Chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	82 mg/kg	105 weeks
	Chronic NOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male, Female	1 ppm	26 weeks
	Sub-acute NOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male	2 ppm	6 weeks
	Sub-acute LOAEC Inhalation Gas.	Rat - Male	6 ppm	6 weeks

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
formaldehyde	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive
	OECD 741	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive

butane-1,4-diol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **methanol**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Formaldehyde**: Genetic toxicity: Positive.

Product Conclusion/ Summary : Pased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

butane-1,4-diol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **methanol**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Conclusion/ Summary

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Formaldehyde is classified as a category 1B carcinogen by EU (Suspected of causing cancer in humans). The classification is mainly based on carcinogenic effects demonstrated in animal experiments, but also on experience from occupational use indicating, but not proving, increased risk of cancer in humans. The actual risk is a rare type of cancer in the nasopharyngeal area (upper part of the throat, behind the nose).

Animal experiments have demonstrated that the cancer risk has a strong link to high and repeated doses of formaldehyde, with an effect threshold at 2 ppm. This is the basis for the derived no effect level (DNEL) for occupational use of 0,3 ppm. Exposure below this level gives limited or no risk of adverse effects.

Reproductive toxicity

butane-1,4-diol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **methanol**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Formaldehyde**: It is not expected that formaldehyde reaches the reproductive organs and there is no evidence for effects on fertility and gonads in experimental animals after long-term oral or inhalation exposure.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 11/17

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product Conclusion/ Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

butane-1,4-diol: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **methanol**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Formaldehyde: There is no evidence for adverse effects of formaldehyde on embryo and fetal development as dose levels inducing local maternal effects and secondary

decrease in body weights and growth.

Product Conclusion/

Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
b utane-1,4-diol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
methanol	Category 1	All	central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve
ε-caprolactam	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
formaldehyde	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Product Conclusion/

Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Interactive effects : No specific data.

Other information : No specific data.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

: 13.11.2015.

12.1 Toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Prefere 4535	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
butane-1,4-diol	EC50 >500 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	IC50 813 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 >30000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
methanol	EC50 22000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum	96 hours
	_	capricornutum	Static
	IC50 8800 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism - Nitrosomonas	24 hours
		sp.	Static
	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	_		Static
	Acute LC50 15400 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
			Flow
			through
	Chronic NOEC 7900 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes	200
			hours
			Static
ε-caprolactam	EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella	72 hours
		subcapitata	Static
	EC50 4240 mg/l Fresh water	Micro-organism - Pseudomonas	17 hours

Date of previous issue

: 21.05.2015.

Version: 6

12/17

SECTION 12: Ecological information

		putida	Static
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
			Static
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes	96 hours
			Semi-
			static
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
			Semi-
			static
formaldehyde	EC50 4.89 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 5.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.7 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Morone saxatilis	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: **methanol**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Formaldehyde: Toxic to aquatic organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Prefere 4535	-	15 % - Inherent - 28 days	-	-
butane-1,4-diol	-	100 % - Readily - 14 days	-	-
methanol	-	83 to 91 % - Readily - 3 days	-	Fresh water Sediment
	-	71 to 83 % - Readily - 5 days	BOD/ThOD	Sewage
	-	69 to 97 % - 5 days	O ₂ Consumption	Marine water
	-	53.4 % - 5 days	-	-
	-	46.3 % - 5 days	-	-
ε-caprolactam	OECD 301C	82 % - Readily - 14 days	-	-
	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	Modified MITI			
	Test (I)			
formaldehyde	Anaerobic	100 % - 4 days	Degradation	Anaerobic
	biodegradation			sludge
	OECD 303 A	99.5 % - 160 days	Degradation	Activated
				sludge
				Industrial
				Adapted
	OECD 301 C	97 % - Readily - 14 days	TOC removal	-
	OECD 301 D	90 % - Readily - 28 days	30 mg/l O ₂	-
			Consumption	

Conclusion/Summary

: methanol: Readily biodegradable

ε-caprolactam: Readily biodegradable **Formaldehyde**: Readily biodegradable

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Frefere 4535	-	-	Inherent
butane-1,4-diol	-	-	Readily
methanol	-	50%; 17.2 day(s)	Readily
ε-caprolactam	-	-	Readily
formaldehyde	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Prefere 4535	<0	-	low
butane-1,4-diol	-0.88	3.16	low
methanol	-0.77	<10	low
ε-caprolactam	0.12	-	low
formaldehyde	0.35	0.396	low

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015.	Date of previous issue	: 21.05.2015.	Version : 6	13/17
--	------------------------	---------------	-------------	-------

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

Cured resin is regarded as non-hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
Ø 8 04 09*	waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 14/17

Prefere 4535 **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC : Not available.

Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed **Priority List Chemicals** : Not listed Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Air

Integrated pollution : Not listed

prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Water

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
formaldehyde	Carc. 1B, H350	Muta. 2, H341	-	-

Seveso II Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

National regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Classification		to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350		Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: F225 H301 H301 (oral) H302 H311 H311 (dermal) H314 H315 H317 H318 H319 H330 H331 (inhalation) H332 H335 H336 H341 H350 H370 (central nervolusystem (CNS) and opnerve)	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Cute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 1B, H350 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2, H225	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13.11.2015. Date of previous issue : 21.05.2015. Version : 6 16/17

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

Muta. 2, H341

Skin Corr. 1B, H314

SECTION 16: Other information

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 1, H370 (central nervous system (CNS) and optic nerve)

STOT SE 3, H335

STOT SE 3, H336

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS) and optic

nerve) - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 13.11.2015.

Date of previous issue Previous product name

: 21.05.2015. : Not available.

Version

: 6

Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 13.11.2015. : 21.05.2015. Version: 6 17/17